

Provincial Library

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL VIII. NO. 5

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1917

\$2.00 YEARLY

F. M. Thompson Co.

Choice Dairy Butter 40c per lb.
St. George Family Cream 10c. Tomatoes, 25c cans for 45c
Chicke Oranges, 25c to 50c per dozen.
No. 2 Apples, all wrapped and choice stock, \$1.00 net

Try a pound of "Decka Julia" Tea at 6c.
Once tried, always used.

Men's Suits, \$8.50 to \$27.00. Men's Dress Pants \$2.50 up
Men's "Leekie" Minc Shoes.

Boys' "Soldier Boy" School Shoes always in stock.

SOLE agent for Men's "Invictus" and "Regal" Fine Shoes
Men's Work Shirts 95c up. Men's blue stripe Overalls \$1.25
Men's Fine Flannel Dress Shirts, \$1.50 to \$1.95
Flannelettes, 12c to 25c per yard.

25% off per cent. discount for cash and prompt payment.

PHONE 25

The Store That Saves You Money
Blairmore, Alberta

Chevrolet Cars

Effective February 1st, the New Price of the Chevrolet Touring Car will be \$775, f.o.b. Pincher Station.

The Chevrolet Motor Co. will fill orders at the old price—\$730.00—placed with us to, but not after February the 5th. This is to protect those who have purchased for Spring, and others who were about to do so.

Cars ordered up to February 5th will arrive about March 1st, but should the weather then not permit of delivery, we will undertake storage until weather is fit, providing a deposit is made on car.

Some of the improvements recently added are, Camilever Springs in front, similar to those now rear; Heavy Frame, which increases clearance of car two inches; Dual Lamp and Oil Gauge on Cow Dash; Beating Upholst.

With the first carload of cars arriving here we will have a stock of repairs and parts complete to the smallest detail. This is a matter we are sure you will appreciate.

The Chevrolet is without doubt the IDEAL Car for the Foothills. Weight 1750, with 28 H.P. Valve in Head Motor. Three speeds forward insure you a speed of twenty miles per hour uphill or down with a full load.

Ask The Man Who Owns One

You will then have the best opinion obtainable. Get in touch with a Chevrolet owner by phone, if not convenient otherwise. Place Your Order Now and Save \$45.00, and Take Delivery When Weather Permits.

R. W. Morgan,
Chevrolet Agent for the Crows' Nest Pass.

Direct From The Farm To The Consumer

Our Beef, Veal, Pork, Chickens, etc., are all fresh-killed Meats—all grown and slaughtered within twenty miles from here, and never saw the inside of a cold-storage plant. This is why we can guarantee them good and fresh—"fit for a king to eat."

CYR & SMITH
Lundbreck Bellevue Blairmore

Tea Will Be Served.

In The Hall on Wednesday, Feb. 14
Sale of Goods
will hold a

The Ladies' Aid of Frank Methodist Church

First Session Parliament Lecture on "Shakspeare"

The meeting of the Blairmore Social Club, held on Friday night last, took the form of a lecture on "Shakspeare," probably one of the most noted and interesting entertainments ever staged in town.

Dr. E. H. Gray, as Speaker, took the chair about 8:30, when the following speech from the throne was delivered:

SPECH FROM THE THRONE.

Gentlemen of the Senate: Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I welcome you most heartily upon your coming together for the first session of this Parliament. You have met for the disposal of business well calculated to have an important bearing on our national well-being, at a time when the Empire, and indeed the World itself, are in mortal conflict with forces which, if not destroyed, must sooner or later annihilate us.

Such a state of things demands all the energy which should be given to all civilized people, and I desire, therefore, to extend to you a welcome inspired by both personal and patriotic considerations. The war in which we have been engaged since August 1914 is still, unluckily, the chief object of our concern, but though it can hardly be said that the end is in sight, our determination to win, and our confidence that we shall win, increase in proportion to the sacrifices we are making to that end. In this unprecedented struggle our determination to win is dictated solely by a desire to compel the observance of good faith, to vindicate the right of every people, however small, to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" and to establish forever government "of, by and for the people," whatever power they may overtake.

With a cause such as this, and with patriotic souls to support it, we cannot lose.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

The usual estimates of revenue and expenditure will be submitted to you, and you will be asked to make adequate provision for the continued prosecution of the war as well as for our cousin needs.

I have no doubt, indeed, but that you will address yourselves to both with your accustomed patriotism, industry and good judgment.

Gentlemen of the Senate: Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

My Government has prepared, and will submit to you, a bill for the course of the session, bills dealing with the following matters:

1. The abolition of capital punishment and the commutation thereof, in the case of capital offences of imprisonment.

2. The limitation of inheritable wealth, whereby no person shall be competent to dispose of by will, or otherwise within one year of his death without adequate consideration, the property of greater value than \$100,000, the residue over and above \$100,000 to become part of the general revenue of the State.

3. The prohibition of personal canvassing for votes by candidates for election to public office, directly or indirectly, by themselves or their agents.

4. The sending of a representative in the House of Commons, whereby five members shall be elected to represent each 300,000 of population until Canada's population reaches 15,000,000.

This unit of representation in the several constituencies set apart for federal elections shall not vary by more than 10,000, and shall not exceed by 100,000 at each increase of 5,000,000 in Canada's population.

5. The nationalization of railways, mines, forests, telephones, waterways and all such utilities and industries as may be deemed profitable to the State, and the ownership and control of which by the State may be deemed to be in the public interest.

A humble petition to His Majesty will also be submitted for your approval praying that the British North America Act may be amended to the extent of abolishing the Canadian Senate.

With an earnest prayer that Divine guidance may direct your efforts I now leave you to the discharge of your important duties.

The adoption of the address was moved by the minister of public works, and seconded by the secretary of state.

The division of the House was made up as follows:

GOVERNMENT.

J. E. Gillis, premier and minister of justice, Charlottetown.

W. Shaw, minister of public works, Edmonton.

J. C. Boudreau, minister of trade and commerce, Calgary.

Dr. H. A. McDonald, minister of interior, Waterloo.

R. Green, secretary of state and minister of mines, Montreal.

L. P. Robert, minister of railways and

Under the auspices of the Blairmore Social Club, an illustrated lecture on "William Shakspeare" will be given in the Baptist Church, Blairmore, on Wednesday evening, February 7th at 8 o'clock, by Mr. A. E. Ottowell, M.A., of the Extension Department, University of Alberta. This will be a treat that no one should miss. A collection will be taken up by the Club, to defray the expenses of the occasion.

canals, Perth.

W. J. Bartlett, minister of marine and fisheries, St. John.

J. B. Russell, minister of finance, Edmonton.

A. C. Beach, minister of customs, Vancouver.

T. Moore, minister of militia and defence, Hamilton.

S. Jeuse, minister of labor, Vancouver.

W. T. Young, postmaster general, Kingston.

Miss M. Williams, Toronto.

Mrs. R. Green, Levin.

Mrs. J. E. Gillis, Battleford.

Mrs. L. P. Robert, Brantford.

Mrs. T. Moore, Hastings.

Mrs. S. Jensen, Dufferin.

Mrs. V. Ayling, Brorneo.

Mr. J. McDonald, Algoma.

Miss E. J. Goudreault, Inverness.

Miss E. P. Barton, Picton.

Miss K. B. Barnes, Strathcona.

Miss A. McDonald, Duranband.

Miss T. McLeod, Glenroy.

Orosiornox.

J. F. Hunter, leader, Victoria.

E. A. Elliott, New Westminster.

Professor Janot, Brantford.

C. R. Pearson, Regina.

G. A. Laviole, Quebec.

W. H. Chappell, Winnipeg.

J. R. Smith, Calgary.

J. R. McDonald, Moose Jaw.

J. F. Lank, Saskatoon.

Miss E. M. Foster, Digby.

Mrs. C. Pearson, Prince Albert.

Mrs. G. Laviole, Rimouski.

Mrs. J. F. Lank, Carlton.

Miss H. L. Macdonald, Brandon.

Mrs. J. H. Macdonald, Cape Breton.

The debate on the speech from the throne occupied the greater part of the evening, and a number of notices were given of questions which will be introduced at the next session. Adjournment was made for a period sufficient to allow the premier to attend the conference of colonial representatives which is to be held at London.

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L. P. Robert, minister of railways and

Headquarters For Everything in Dry Goods, Clothing, Suits, Underwear, Men's, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes

Blairmore Trading Co.

THE STORE THAT SELLS FOR LESS

SPECIALS After Annual Stocktaking

Jubilee Matches 25¢ packet.
Toilet Paper 4 rolls for 25c.
Violet Toilet Soap, 3 in. box, 25c.
Umonia, 15 cents a bottle.
Apple Cider Vinegar, 25¢ quart btls.
Claus, 15 cents can.
Blueberries, 2 cans 35 cents.
Pears, gallon cans, 50 cents.
Brown Beans, 3 pounds 25 cents.
Soda Biscuits, old prices—25 & 55c.
Five Roses Flour, per sack \$5.40.
Pure Lye 10lb a can.
Ivory Soap, 11 bars 50 cents.
Castile Soap, 25 cents bar.
Pony Matches, 2 dozen boxes 25 cents.
Eggs Baking Powder, 10 cents can.
Plums, 15 cents can.
Apples, gallon cans 50 cents.
3-lb canister Tetley's Tea \$1.00.
6-pound sack Wheatless 25 cents.
Roblin Hard Oats, 25 cents package.
Okanagan Apples, not frozen, from \$1.80 per case.
The Best Bread is "Quaker Bread".

J. Handley

Make Your Hens Lay
When Eggs are at a Premium.

Dr. Hess' Panacea

Will get them started, in spite of cold weather

Try a 35c. package now and watch results

Blairmore Hardware Co.

FRANK MEAT MARKET

H. Lambirth, Proprietor

—Dealer in—

Fresh and Cured Meats, Fish in Season, Ham, Bacon, Sausages, Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter

Phone No. 36

Frank, Alta.

A. Morency

Plumber, Steamfitter, Tinsmith,
Light Hardware & Enamelware

All work promptly attended to.

Victoria Street, Blairmore

Notice of Change of Firm Name.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims upon the estate of the late LOUIS HUCIK, who died on the 29th day of November, A. D. 1916, are required to send in to the Administrator of his estate by the 28th day of February, 1917, a full statement, duly verified, of their claims and any securities held by them, and that after the date the Administrator will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or brought to its knowledge.

DATED this 30th day of January, 1917.

THE TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE COMPANY, LIMITED.
Administrator
220 Eighth Avenue West,
Calgary, Alberta, Canada

H. A. Howard, Manager.

EDWARD P. MCNEILL, Manager.

D.C.J.

constructed. Vessels sunk are put at 2,260, or 2,014,553 tonnage; and those built at 2,506 of 1,899,043 tonne. The net reduction was about 200,000 tons, or one-half of one per cent. of the world's total. Great Britain led in shipbuilding, with 510 vessels of 619,000 tons. The United States was second with 1,213 vessels of 560,000 tons. Ships built by other countries are given as 782 in number, of 720,388 tons. The entire world's merchant vessel tonnage at present, according to an estimate by Lloyd's, is 43,633,000.

Loss to the world's merchant shipping in 1916, through war cause, exceeded the total tonnage

When The Children Rush In From School,

and shout for "something to eat," cut off generous slices of bread and spread with

CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP

"Taste is the children's daily treat. So good for them, incomparably sweet, and strong, as wholegrain food should be." The most delicious of table syrups for Griddle Cakes, muffins and Hot Puddings. Excellent especially for Candy making. In 2, 5, 10 and 20 pound tins. At the end of every book, "Desserts and Candies" shows the new and right way to make a lot of good things. Write for a copy to our headquarters, it's free.

THE CROWN BRAND STARCH CO. LIMITED
MONTREAL, CARDINAL, BRANTFORD, FORT WILLIAM,
Manufacturers of "Lily White" Corn Starch—Biscuit Corn Starch—and "Silver Glass" Laundry Starch.
226W.

Zepelins Afraid of Paris

Protection so Complete That a Raid Would Poise

Some interesting facts bearing upon the bombing of Paris from an attack by German airplanes have been recorded. The Germans are well aware that any airship that succeeds in evading the local defences must run the gauntlet of swarms of aeroplanes and scores of guns crossing the French front. There are aeroplanes of every type in the French aerodromes that can be used against the air craft. The ranges of sheds, house hunting planes, armed with machine-guns and able to travel at a speed that is difficult to estimate in figures. There are men whose special business it would be to locate the enemy for the fighters. There is the very little chance of a small gun which was used in the Champagne offensive.

There are machines equipped with special devices that can be seen even devices of wire an incendiary can make use against another, whether he fly in a machine lighter or heavier than air.

Men who will use these weapons are trained not only to use their machines but positively to juggle with them. They loop the loop as naturally as a fish swims. They fly over the roofs and stand on their heads or their tails and have round a couple of times dancing Dervishes before resuming the normal level of flight. And in addition to these complete masters of art of flight, they are skilled in aerial warfare and used to meeting enemy planes in the air.

A Self-Sustaining Prison

Prison Labor Used in a Scheme of Intensive and Field Farming

A self-sustaining prison is an institution to be hoped for, but which few expect to find. A close approach to it, however, is to be found in the prison at Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta.

The problem of employing

prison labor has there been solved

in a scheme of intensive and field farming.

On the prison farm this year there were harvested 7,083 bushels of potatoes, the area planted being about 27 acres. Four acres of turnips yielded 103,113 pounds; four acres of carrots, 12,200 pounds; 1-1/2 acres of beets 23,265 pounds, and 1-1/2 acres of white carrots 28,704 pounds. On one acre 10,445 pounds of parsnips were raised while 10,000 cabbages had yielded 7,580 pounds. In addition to this, there were raised 890 pounds of rhubarb, 1,680 pounds of radishes, 1,600 pounds of lettuce and 700 pounds of celery.

The farm comprises 205 acres. Part

of this being timber land, extra crop

room on the other side of the Sas-

satchewan river was leased to the

total amount of grain this year was

2,480 bushels of oats and 1,016

bushels of barley. Fifteen tons of

hay were raised and 26 tons of

green feed. Thirty tons of timothy hay were cut on a neighboring

farm, and thirty tons of wild hay put up on the school lands adjoining the farm to the east.

Last fall some sows were purchased for \$125, from which several litters have been obtained, the valuation of the live and slaughtered stock which is not a bad result from a small investment. Three cows are kept on the farm for milk.

Japan is actually worrying over

what she is going to do with her money. Her specie reserves have long since passed the \$600,000,000 mark.

She: That scar on your head must be very annoying.

He: Oh, it's next to nothing.

Why Trees Are Cut Down

The trees in Great Britain are not being felled altogether because of the demand for lumber, but particularly in the country, and particularly in London, the necessity has arisen because of the need of landing ground for avia-

tions. Some beautiful old oaks de-

stroyed by the fall of an aeroplane, resulting in the death as well of his

son, the famous General Sir John

Worrell, Office, complaining bitterly about the loss to the beauty of his

property. The War Office, however,

had no objection to the cutting down

of the trees, and the War Office has

now given the go-ahead signal to the

forest officers to get to work.

One of the 19 women brought

to England by the Germans to

work in the coal mines has

been found to be a woman of

exceptional beauty. She is a

Scotish girl, 21 years old, and she

is now working in the coal mines

at Fife. She is the first Scot to

have been sent to work in the

mines since the war began. She

has been engaged in the coal

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THE ENTERPRISE, BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA.

THE INTERNATIONAL

Coal and Coke Company, Ltd.

Operates the

DENISON COLLIERIES
AT COLEMAN, ALBERTA.

Mines High Grade Steam
and Coking Coal.
Manufacturers of the Best
Coke on the Market.

MAKE MONEY EASY

If you would do so, invest in town
lots in the most substantially founded
and best business community fo-

The Crows' Nest Pass

THAT PLACE IS COLEMAN.

Write to or apply at the head office of

THE INTERNATIONAL
Coal and Coke Company, Ltd.

At Coleman, Alberta.

WEST CANADIAN
COLLIERIES LIMITED

"GREENHILL"
COAL

High Grade Domestic Lump \$4.75 Delivered
Steam \$3.75 Delivered

See all Local Delivery Concerns

We deliver coal to employees only.

BLAIRMORE - - ALTA.

P.O. Box 22, Bellevue

Successor to F. Wolstenholme

J. Delicate
Contractor & Builder

Dealer in Rough and Dressed Lumber
Shingles, Lath, Doors, Windows, Etc.

Deliveries at Bellevue, Hillcrest, Passburg and Frank

Lumber Yards and Office at

Alberta

OFFICE PHONE "58" RESIDENCE PHONE "60"
D. A. SINCLAIR
Contractor and Builder

PLANS FURNISHED
ESTIMATES GIVEN

DEALER IN

Rough & Dressed Lumber, Sash & Doors
Shingles & Lath

Agent for Ford Automobiles

Blairmore

Alberta

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

Office of Publication
Blairmore, Alberta.

Subscriptions to all parts of the Dominion \$2.00 per annum, including subscription \$2.00. Payable in advance.

Business local, 15c per line.
Legal notices 15c per line for first insertion, 10c per line for each subsequent insertion.

Display Advertising Rates on application.
W. J. KURTZER, Proprietor.

Blairmore, Alta., Fri., Feb. 2, 1917

Starve Them Out

For her 65,000,000 people Germany in peace times, with all the farms and food factories in full operation, was able to provide for but three-fifths of their population, say in round numbers for 40,000,000 of the population. The remaining 25,000,000 were fed from outside nations.

In war times, since August 1914, with so many millions of men in the field, perfectly non-productive citizens, Germany must have provisions for even less than three-fifths of her people.

Britain's navy has stopped food getting into the country, so during these war years, far more than 25,000,000 people have each year been fed by some starving system of food distribution that the stout masses of the people can tolerate no longer.

This is the reason why Germany is making peace offers today. She says she is victorious, but yet to stop bloodshed she is ready for Peace. Imagine any one being fooled by such a statement from a Hun.

She is on the verge of starvation; her masses are clairmoring for food and unless Peace comes she will be starved into surrender.

Britain and her Allies know that they are doing. They have only to hold press conferences; need not advance another foot in enemy country; and they have the bragging blood-thirsty blatherskite of Europe "bleeding out of his bones." —Ex.

A great deal of delay may be caused by communications being sent through the Departments of the Government.

The Patriotic Fund Association and the Military Hospitals Commission have kindly consented to give information and assistance to those wishing to write direct to the Board of Pension Commissioners. These societies have offices in certain localities throughout Canada.

In addition, in order to facilitate the granting of pensions, the Board is opening Branch Pension offices in Vancouver, Calgary, Edmonton, Regina, Winnipeg, London, Hamilton, Toronto, Barrie, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, St. John's and Halifax. All information with regard to pensions may be obtained from these offices.

The White Ensign

The fact that we enjoy the liberty of the oceans is entirely due to the ungrudging self-sacrifice on the part of our seamen. They are the men who, in the face of great difficulties and terrible dangers, successfully fought for us, and won, by sheer grit, the mastery of the sea. Naturally this was followed by conquest after conquest on land, thus gradually bringing into being the British Empire as we know it today.

Now, the men who did all this were not super-human, far from it. They were men from whom every day people, such as we, are accustomed to converse with any day. Young men often imagine service in the Navy to be something especially trying and difficult. It is not so. Any young fellow with average build and good make-up can easily withstand a period of training. Once having tested the courage of sea life, he would never give up his interest in its varied occupations.

Now, the point is this. Many of us consider that no matter what is happening on the sea, it must be quite all right because the British Navy is on the job. This is a charming compliment to our Fleet, but has it ever occurred to you that ships cannot be worked without men? The expansion of our Navy has been so enormous during this present war, that the Admiralty resources are taxed to the uttermost in the effort to obtain enough men. That dangerous feeling, that the Navy is sufficient unto itself, has been the cause of much anxiety in its responsible men in the secretariat of recruiting. You may now understand why, in sending the Navy you are playing with Fate. Our armies may well to many millions, but all the armies on earth would avail us nothing were our fleet to meet disaster. "Our Navy is strong," you say. Granted, but starve it, give it insufficient supplies of men, when then? Let all who can take heed by this. Come forward and offer yourself for service in the Fleet. If you lack experience, don't let that stop you. There are many things you can do as efficiently as a trained seaman.

Recruits are now being asked for by the Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve, for service on Canadian Coast Patrols.

The Canadian Corps was the first unit called out for active service in the Dominion of Canada.

All British subjects (except those of enemy blood) are eligible for enrollment. The pay is \$1.00 per day for Ordinary Seaman, \$1.10 per day for Able Seaman, and \$1.20 per day for Leading Seaman. Allowance \$20.00 per month.

We must have hundreds of men at once in order to cope with grave problems now arising on both Canadian coasts.

Submarines are ugly weapons, and as much of their strength lies in their ability to keep out of sight, nothing but a very extensive Patrol System will avail against them.

Call at the Naval Recruiting office at Moose Jaw, Calgary, Lethbridge, Medicine Hat and Red Deer.

Anglican Church

Divine service on Sunday night will be at 7:30 p.m., conducted by the Rev. H. Clav. Sunday School at 2:30 p.m.

A hearty welcome to all.

It Pays To Advertise

Bellevue Happenings

Leslie Tomlinson returned this week from Calgary.

Mr. Forbes was in from South Fork this week on business.

Mrs. George Knowles returned home this week from a visit to Calgary.

A Morency, of Blairmore, is busy putting in a new furnace in the Southern hotel.

Rev. W. McNiven of Cheresholm occupied the pulpit of the local church on Sunday last.

John Tucker, who has been visiting in Calgary for some time, returned home this week.

The annual ball of Bellevue I.O.O.F. Lodge will likely be held in the Workers' Hall on February 23rd.

Professor A. E. Ottewill, of the University of Alberta, will deliver a lecture on the war at the Methodist church on Tuesday night next. Lecture will be illustrated by lantern slides.

James Connors met with an accident while working in No. 1 mine on Saturday, sustaining a broken leg from a fall of cap rock. He is doing as well as can be expected at the local hospital.

Narrow Escape

A fellow named "Crockroach" had a very narrow escape from being crushed to death, when he lit a match of mine pie-south bound, a duff got away near one tooth grabbed him. Several parties who witnessed the woe-be-gone told, and only survived after being told, conclude truly, that the poor creature was still alive and a trotting, but minus an ear and a leg.

MONDAY ONLY
Cash Specials

Five Roses Flour \$5.10 sack

2 lb Sugar \$1.80

Blue Ribbon Tea, 3 lbs \$1.10

Fresh Ranch Butter 2 lbs 75¢

Hood Hood Rolled Oats, 2 pkts for 45¢

St. Charles Milk, 3 cans 55¢

Ambler Coffee 30 cents pound

Apple best varieties \$2.25 case

Breakfast Food, 6-lb sack 55¢

Spices, 3 cans 25¢ (except Mace)

Matches 25¢ per packet

Royal Crown Soap 2 pkgs 45¢

Pearlino Washing Powder 16¢ packet

Egg Baking Powder 3 cans 25 cents

Baking Soda, 1-lb packet 10¢

Cowan's Coton 25¢ 1-lb jar

Condomine's Kitchen Wash

Boilers 4.25¢

No Phone or C.O.D. Orders at these prices.

J. Handley

Blairmore Alberta

Pte. Joseph Howe, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Howe, of State Street, will arrive at Calgary from England on Sunday morning, in the second bay of this family to return from the front within the past few months.

The regular meeting of the Blairmore branch of the Patriotic Fund will be held at The Enterprise office on Monday night next, at 8 o'clock.

A meeting of the board of managers of Central Union church will be held on Tuesday evening at 7:30 sharp.

See J. Handley's special prices for Monday, on this page.

Notice of Change
of Firm Name.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the firm of the "Labor Stores, Limited, Bellevue, Alberta," has been changed to "Hilborn Mercantile Co., Ltd., Bellevue, Alberta."

DATED at Bellevue, Alberta, this 13th day of January, 1917.

FRED CHAPPELL,
Manager.



Blairmore Lodge, No. 89, meets in Hall, 800 Main Street, S.E., every Friday evening.
J. B. HARMER, N.G.C. A. MORENCY, R.S.

CROWS' NEST ENCAMPMENT NO. 4
second and fourth Wednesday
J. McHail, C.P. W. J. BARTLETT R.S.

Safety Plus
Big Profits For
Your Dollars

This is the name of a new book just published that will be sent free to any one having fifty or more dollars to invest in a safe money-making business, already established and sure to pay big profits. Endorsed by eminent bankers, Justice of the Supreme Court —one of the highest standing and unimpeachable reputation. This valuable book sent free if you mention this publication.

Address
A. L. SUTTON
Drexel Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

Salesmen Wanted

for
CANADA'S GREATEST
NURSERIES

in every part of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, where not represented.

Selected list of hardy tested varieties, recommended by Western Experimental Stations, including

HIBRID APPLES, NATIVE PLEMIS, BUSKIN, BROWN, RED, GOLDEN, SPARROW, RED POTATOES, SERRILLES, AND ROOT CUTTINGS, VARIOUS HERBS, ALSO
BIRDSEED, BEEKEEPING, AND STOCK

Start now at best selling price. Liberal proposition.

STONE & WELLINGTON
The Foothill Nurseries
(Established 1885) TORONTO ONTARIO

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST LAND REGULATIONS

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, may apply for a homestead of 160 acres of suitable Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The application must appear in person to the Dominion Land Agency or Agent for the District. Entry by proxy may be made by a member of the family (not the holder, but not Son, daughter, wife, etc., or any other member of the family), or by a person holding a power of attorney (not Son, daughter, wife, etc., or any other member of the family). The holder of the land must be at least 18 years of age, except where otherwise provided in the instrument of conveyance.

The holder may be required to cultivate under certain conditions.

Land held in joint names in good standing may receive a quarter section long-term lease for \$1.00 per acre.

During the first six months of the leasehold, the holder may obtain a leasehold patent for \$1.00 per acre.

A holder who has exhausted his homestead rights may apply for a second section in certain cases.

Butcher's Hill, located six miles west of Blairmore, is a fine place to live and a good house worth \$200.

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, N.H.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for—\$500.

H. J. POZZI

General Contractor

Stone, Cement, Brick Construction

Coke Ovens
A Specialty

Estimates furnished on application
First Class Work Guaranteed

Phone 154
BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

W. G. Fraser

Contractor

Plastering, Kalsomining, Painting, Paper Hanging

Silicate Trimmed "Empire" Wall Paper in stock.

Estimates given
First class Mechanics supplied
for all work.

Prompt Service. Moderate Rates.
Houses to Rent—In Frank—\$10 and up
Light and water in—

Phone 62

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PUREST COD LIVER OIL

usually stops a stubborn cough or chest cold when ordinary specifics fail.

It helps strengthen the lungs and throat—adds energy to the blood—and gives the system the force to help resist disease.

**Use SCOTT'S
Refuse Substitutes**

Scott & Sons, Toronto, Ont.

Sugar and Medicine

We Must All Take Our Medicine Sooner or Later

At the close of the year most men are given "somewhat to" reflection. The older they grow the more willing they are to accept certain events of life as settled beyond dispute. One man will tell you that each human being has his lump of sugar and must also take his medicine. Usually the medicine must be taken to satisfy the taste of the sugar. Of course by "sugar" we mean opportunity, a chance to become independent though others need them now. We have all heard of the man who the world calls "lucky." Some use their "sugar" to sweeten their own cup, though others near them never drink the sort of bitter dregs life offers. Most of them, however, it comes to them, and like all who gorge on sweets, are finally confronted with the cup of medicine. No matter how we are with our sugar, we must all take our medicine sooner or later, and probably the finest test of character comes in the way we take it. How far we make up our minds to do the dose indicates the depth and strength of courage and philosophy.

A TALK ON RHEUMATISM

Telling How to Actually Cure This Painful Malady

This article is for the man or woman who suffers from rheumatism who wants to be cured, not merely relieved—but actually cured. The most common and most suitable form for curing something on the bended, aching joint, is a little relief. No lotion or liniment ever did or can make a cure. A rheumatic poison is rooted in the bony tissue, and cannot be easily cured when this poison's acid is driven out of the blood. Any doctor will tell you this is true, and the following statement that will go right to the root of the trouble in blood take Dr. William's Pink Pills. They make new, rich blood which drives out the poisonous acid and cures rheumatism at a stroke. The truth of these statements has been proved in thousands of cases throughout Canada, and the following cure is given:

"The cure of a market is very often based on habit. People get accustomed to going to it, and so do customs rules that market is safe from competition. If the war keeps us away, we will well remember the new habit, taking them to Lyons to the distress and dismay of Leipzig years after the war is over. At least, that is what Lyons is counting on—

From the Toledo Blade.

Worms sap the strength and undermine the vitality of children. Strengthen them by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to drive out the parasites.

The Call of the Navy

"The story of the British navy is a record of heroism and service to humanity unparalleled in the annals of history. In centuries, the British navy has been dominant, having not only great Britain and the Empire, but the whole English-speaking world and its democratic allies as its friends. The greatest naval powers of the United States have attributed the failure of Germany to plan her iron belt on the American coast to the success of the British navy behind the Monroe doctrine and making that "scrap of paper" a bullet of steel.—Montreal Mail.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Buying Up Wool

Britain is stacking her wool cards for post bellum days, and Germany will get less than a tenth of a cent per pound of raw German wool. Last purchase in Australia alone was 425,275 bales at an average price per bale of over \$166. Add to this her purchases in New Zealand, Australia, South Africa. Her South American purchases direct were only 30,000 to 47,000 bales annually. She secured considerable wool at the Antwerp port, and the 100,000 bales of American wool were sold annually. On top of her Colonial purchases figure her takings at London. Unless the Paris peace talks end in a truce of Great Britain go up in smoke, Germany faces a sorry wool future.—American Sheep Breeder.

Co-operative Turkeys

The co-ops of Saskatchewan has two co-operative poultry killing and marketing stations, one at Regina and the other at Saskatoon. Last year, 27,028 pounds of poultry were marketed under these two, with only one station. Advance payments are made upon the receipt of the birds, at the rate of 15 cents per pound for chickens etc., the balance being payable on a monthly statement.

PILES

Are you a sufferer? Know that terrible itching, dragging down pain, loss of appetite, pleasure, even of rest, and makes life miserable? Don't you believe in the law of averages? If a remedy could not be found, I would not think it likely it might not last even one day.

Just give Zam-Buk a fair trial! This Medicine of Dr. Daniels' is made from pure, natural ingredients. He says: "I tried pretty nearly everything, but got no permanent relief until I took Zam-Buk." This pain relieves the sufferer, emanating from the colon, and completely cured me."

The rich herbal essences of which Dr. Daniels' is composed move congestion, relieve the dull, gnawing, burning pain, and cure. All druggists and stores, or post office, from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price, 50c. box, 3 boxes \$1.25.

ZAM-BUK

Germany Copies

Ancient Assyria

So Says Prof. J. D. Prince, in the New York Times

Germany has learned ancient methods of dealing with piles, and the subsequent empire of Assyria and the subsequent deportations of its people, either into Assyria or Babylonia, proper, or into remote dependencies. This policy was, on the part of the conqueror, natural, for these imported populations could in some mysterious manner absorb the wealth of their soil and after a generation or two be in a position to rebel against the "Great King."

And the neighbors looked at one another and said, "We must go as fast as they could to the gunsmiths and bought more guns and more powder." Now York Sun.

WELL-KNOWN ONTARIO WOMAN SPEAKS

Welland, Ont.

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WONDERFUL PEACE RIVER COUNTRY OFFERS ATTRACTIONS TO SETTLERS

RAILWAYS OPENING UP NEW FERTILE DISTRICTS

Peace River Country is Now an Integral Part of Producing Canada, Served With Three Hundred Miles of Railways, and Having a Population of Fifteen Thousand

Had the Canadian Pacific Railway Company continued its original intentions 30 years ago when it went to great cost to have a survey line run through the Peace River country and on through the Peace Pass over the Rockies, then down the Fraser to Vancouver, this story could have been told much earlier. The world would have known much earlier of the valley of the Peace as one of the richest, most fertile sections of the Dominion, and the railroads would have hastened the destinies of human beings. Likewise what a little thing often turns the destinies of a country. Twenty years ago the railroads were built and in less than a year a man of Canada across which was marked a red bull, racing from the International Boundary line to a little above the gap. The bull was red, "the fertile belt," and the intimation was so well believed that to suggest building a line out west beyond the mountains was to court trouble. The railroads then butting refused to take its land grants beyond the margin of this supposed "fertile belt." Years previous to this the railroads had kept within the belt in choosing the land it was to retain in the sale of its holdings to the Dominion.

Time dragged on indefinitely before it was discovered that grain would grow here as fine as in any country in the world, and there was an abundant market for wheat for settlement. Therefore, if it is not to be wondered at that even with a steady flow of settlers into the area would not remain to fill the southern valleys and plains of the province of Alberta. It was not within the nature of things that the Peace should have its turn at settlement until these more fertile sections were pretty well filled up.

It turns out, however, for many years the vision kept on growing on the great valley that runs along the big river of the north. They read every little scrap of evidence that came to hand, and the result was that the railroads who returned from their recesses. Newspapers printed all the information they could get hold of and in time almost all the civilized world had heard of the wonderful valley.

Then one day without any noise or clamor, there started from Edmonton a train of 100 loaded cars. This was five years ago. People knew very little of the man behind the scheme, only they knew he had a vision, and notwithstanding many ventures along the same line had general feeling that this man would succeed.

For the few years previous to this time hardy settlers had been venturing into the country and were already beginning to probe a bound fully from the virgin soil. The starting of actual steel laying gave a new impetus to the work so that by the spring of 1914 many of the different sections of the valley had settlements of considerable size, and farming operations had been put on a firm basis. Then came the experimental period, and the first experimental point was well passed. The land was yielding as they had been told it could and would, and after a dozen trials, every settler who was trying his best to increase his herds.

By the year 1916 the line of steel crept northward. A trail of 100 loaded cars skirted the hundred miles of Lesser Slave Lake, sending one branch to the village of Peace River, the other branch to Grande Prairie, and the main line continuing to Spirit River. Year by year, too, the inflow of settlers increased. Trailing pens were established, villages sprang up, centres were formed, mail route, established, school districts were formed and churches were built. In 1917 James D. McGregor, of Brandon, called attention to this matter some time ago, but no attention was paid to it, so far as I know."

Charming School Songs in Germany

Teutonic Schoolmasters Inculcating Beautiful Ideas in the Young

Here are some translations of German school songs which are being sung daily. Both of them are creations of the war; both written by schoolmasters. The particularly touching song about King Edward VII and England is principally sung by girls—the future mothers of Germany:

"Oh England, oh England, how great are thy lies! However great we are, thou art the greatest. Oh Edward VII, oh Edward, thou model Prince. Thou hadst nothing else in thee, than 'vain' pop."

"Over there the cowards attack us like our enemy. We attack him, and only a dog will say that pardon should be given today. Strike dead everything that prays for us, except for everything man like dogs. More enemies, more enemies, our prayer in this hour of retribution."

"D. T. Curtis, in the London Times.

Screencasts Go Across Border

Americans Eager Buyers and Product Comes Back as Past

Preparation

That all foul seeds taken from grain for Fort William and Port Arthur should be destroyed, and that all seed would be required to fill the southern valleys and plains of the province of Alberta. It was not within the nature of things that the Peace should have its turn at settlement until these more fertile sections were pretty well filled up.

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Rags Cannot be Exported From Canada

The exportation from Canada of rags and linen and other articles consigned to any port in Europe, those in the United Kingdom, Belgium, France and Portugal, and portuguese has been prohibited by an order-in-council. Limited meats and extract of meat, dried fish, canary seed, sugar, etc., have been deleted from the list of articles of the export which was prohibited to all foreign parts in Europe and on the continent of America, Russia (except Baltic ports), Belgium, Spain and Portugal.

A Gun Found For Him

Mistress (over 100) at the unexpected arrival of her husband, Fido—And tell me Peters, where did you find my sweet darling?"

Peters—Well, um—er—the fact is, a low sort fellow had him tied to a pole and was washing his bows with him.—Passing Show (London).

An old man's cleverness at whiting has led up to the establishment of such great trading houses as the plant at Waltham, Mass., as to give it some chance of taking away from Nuremberg its old claim to be the toy-making centre of the world.

He has the finest lot of neighbors you ever dwelt among.

It has yet plenty of first-class homesteads for you and for many others.

It has an oil well from which flows real oil from Nature's springs.

A German banker of repute has written an open letter to the Kaiser in which he states the depreciation of the mark in the neutral countries of the world, and warning him against the incurring of debt with future securities as the chief asset.

Flax in Saskatchewan

For Various Reasons, Flax Growing Does Not Appeal to Farmers

Flax growing has not been classified first in any part of Canada. The reason for this is not quite evident because the climate and soil in most of the provinces are not at all unsuitable for the growing of flax. Indeed, it commands a good market at all times.

Sixty or seventy years ago almost every family in every province has had a field of flax. The fibre was manufactured at home in beautiful fabrics of snowy whiteness. Now few if any people in the East even know of this growing, nor look for it.

One of the reasons for the decline of what might be an important factor in agriculture is the fact that the market price of cotton goods are low prices.

These took the place of the homespun linens. At the same time satisfactory arrangements could not be made for the marketing of the fibre or to be more accurate, there was no available market for it. For these reasons farmers ceased to grow it.

And so it was that the growing industry during the last five years, and especially the growing industry did appear to obtain a firm hold we also find a decline.

The bureau of statistics of the provincial department of agriculture has recently engaged in enquiring into the industry and the results of the proposed of ascertaining the cause of all why it has decreased so greatly during the past few years; and secondly in order to find out if it is possible to make the future to grow flax from the fibre with profits.

The following schedule of questions was prepared to crop correspondents in the various districts of the province:

(1) How many tons of flax straw could be obtained from a crop within ten miles from your nearest station?

(2) Would the farmers in your townshad flax straw a distance of eight to ten miles for three dollars per ton?

(3) Would the farmers co-operate in purchasing a ton of straw at \$2.50?

(4) Would the price of straw stop growing flax; (6) what is the principal reason why there is not more flax grown in your district at the present time; (7) general remarks.

Answers to the first question varied from 9,000 to 10,000 in District No. 2, to 6,000 tons in District No. 1.

Regarding the question of hauling the flax eight or ten miles for three dollars per ton, ninety-two farmers said that they would not pay that price per bushel would permit the stop growing flax; (6) what is the principal reason why there is not more flax grown in your district at the present time; (7) general remarks.

Question No. 3 had more voting against it than for it. However, many of those who voted in favor of co-operation provided some else would demonstrate possibilities.

Regarding question 4, the votes

"The enquiry as to what price farmers would stop growing flax, showed that the price of straw was \$1.00 in District No. 3 to \$1.32 in No. 6. Some would not grow it at any price.

According to answers received, the reasons why not grow are not low prices, a preference for wheat, difficulty in threshing, straw is not in demand, subject to frost, and uncertain yield.

Truly a serious array of charges against the little aristocratic plant which is growing.

On the whole, it would seem that flax-growing does not appeal to the farmers of Saskatchewan. This not withstanding, the fact is, it is not a desirable business in itself, and certainly other things, particularly wheat growing, are so much more desirable.

Last summer we alone sold 180,000 bushels of wild oats to American buyers. This will give you an idea of the quantity of straw that is being exported out every port, and by shiploads.

I have no doubt that our farmers are buying much of this straw, and are getting a good price for it.

True, the grain dealers

are getting a good price for it.

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OF LOCAL AND GENERAL INTEREST

Calgary is to have a new \$250,-
000 Pantage theatre.

\$168 was raised for the Red Cross
by a box social given at Commerce
recently.

The United States yearly spends
\$100,000,000—in building public
schools.

The High River Girls' Club
raised the sum of \$170 by a patri-
otic bazaar recently.

The regular meeting of the Blair-
more town council takes place on
Thursday night of next week.

An exchange says that the Ger-
man raider in the South Atlantic
is 3,000 feet long. That's some
skiff.

Tuesday's west bound train was
several hours late, owing to the
derailment of several cars near
Monarch.

Fritz Sick, of Lethbridge, and
A. Mutz, of Vulcan, are down
this week shaking hands—
with each other.

The marriage of Miss Nora
Mitchell, of Bellevue, to Lieut.
Wallace Sharpe, of Lundbreck,
took place in England recently.

A shipment of eggs has arrived
at the Bauff fish hatchery, consist-
ing of 300,000 salmon-trout and
4,000,000 herring. The eggs came
from Port Arthur.

B. Hope and family are in town
this week from Jaffray, B.C. Mr.
Hope is looking into the hotel trade
of Blairmore with a view to enter-
ing upon that line of business.

The Dominion Express Co. at
Edmonton were fined \$150 and
costs last week for having con-
veyed booze into Alberta from
Saskatchewan and other points.

The Company will appeal.

Word has been received that
Lieut. H. M. Bennett has been
wounded in action. Lieut. Ben-
nett enlisted with the 192nd, and
was up to time of enlistment pur-
chasing agent for the West Cana-
dian Collieries Co.

The Alberta Gazette records the
incorporation of The United Pro-
ducing Company, Limited, with a
capitalization of \$20,000 and head
office in Calgary. This is the com-
pany which has been providing
Blairmore and Coleman with such
very excellent theatrical entertain-
ment for the past year.

The finance committee of the
Calgary city council, in the search
for some new means of increasing
city revenues, have discovered that
the Province has most revenue
sources already pre-empted. Mem-
bers of municipal councils here
and elsewhere have been up against
this proposition for some years.

Estimating the total population
of the province of Quebec at 2,-
000,000 and deducting the cities
and towns (population 911,388)
and the English counties (popula-
tion 160,000) the remainder of the
province comprising a population
of more than one million persons
has contributed approximately
\$40,000 about 4 cents per head
of population to the Canadian Pat-
riotic Fund.

Referring to the report relative
to Vice-President Bury's trip to
Russia, Lord Shaughnessy has is-
sued the following statement: That
as the Canadian Pacific is hand-
ling large quantities of Russian
freight via Vancouver and Vladivostok, it was thought desirable
that an official of the company
should visit Russia with a view to
acquiring such geographical and
other information thought to be of
service in dealing with transporta-
tion problems, and Vice-President
Bury decided to go.

Ike's got it!

An attempt has been made to
murder Lloyd George.

The town of Vulcan was hit by a
\$25,000 fire on Thursday.

Edmonton's business blocks con-
sume from 5 to 18 tons of coal
daily.

A new druggist has arrived and
has taken charge of the Blairmore
Pharmacy.

L. Dutil returned Wednesday
morning from a three weeks' visit
to eastern Canada.

Have you paid your dog tax for
the year? The policeman will get you
if you don't watch out!

The membership of the United
M.W.O. of A., and International
Brother Member D. Rees, were in
town on Sunday and Monday to
confer with local unions on the
strike situation.

The Nova Scotia schooner Lillian
H., previously reported torpedoed
and sunk off Queenstown, has been
towed into Queenstown in a dam-
aged condition, it was announced on
Thursday. Her crew was ordered
by the submarine com-
mander to leave her and was safely
landed.

From letters received from the
front and England we learn that
Private T. Sato, Japanese soldier
with the 192nd, now of the glorious
Tenth, was recommended for the

V.A. for having gone out under
leaves, after rescuing an officer who
had been shot by a German sniper
and capturing the sniper under
fire.

A nail in the vest pocket of John
Burke, a Waltham, Mass., farm
hand, saved his life when he was
fired upon from an ambush by a man
whom the police believe to be his
assassin. Burke was the target for
several shots, but only hit him; this
hit the nail in his pocket almost
double, but Burke was in no way injured. He could give
no description of his assailant.

At midnight on December 31st
last the whole island of Newfound-
land went dry. A prohibition act
became effective, stopping the im-
port, manufacture, or sale of in-
toxicating liquors of every kind
within the colony. In order to
prevent evasion of the law, a long
list of patent medicines have been
placed under the ban.

News received by a High River
citizen is all in favour of an early
peace, certainly before Easter. The
door is still open for negotiations,
and he says that any pronuncia-
ment to the contrary is mere bluff.
Peace is more likely now than at
Christmas. Preparations for an
offensive in the spring are being
made on a gigantic scale, but our
informant is convinced it will never
come off.—High River Times.

Out of a total of 41,551,031 pas-
sengers carried on Canadian rail-
ways last year seventeen were killed.
The number of injured was
140. This is one of the features of
the annual report of the railway
commission tabled in the house of
commons. Employees are given as
124,142. Of these 120 were killed
and 788 injured. Trespassers fig-
ured so high that the railway com-
mission has taken up with the dif-
ferent attorneys general the matter
of rigidly prosecuting those who
make a public highway of a rail-
road.

Frank Happenings

The "hard times" skate, sup-
posed to be held on the local rink
tonight, has been postponed till
Friday night or next week.

Pte. William Goodwin, son of

Mr. and Mrs. George Goodwin, of
Frank, will arrive at Calgary on

Sunday morning from England,

having been discharged as under-

age.

Capt. Olson and Nurse Forrest,
of the Frank Military Hospital,
left Tuesday morning for Barlow,
B.C., where they will be employed
in connection with the new sanita-
tary unit which has just been made
of the C.P.R. hotel there.

Rev. W. McNiven, of Clare-sham,
chairman of the Macleod District
of the Methodist church, occupied

the pulpit of the local mission hall
on Sunday night. He also officiated
at Bellevue and Hillcrest during
the day, and returned to Chars-
holm by the night train.

W. F. Young, as secretary of the
local committee of the Patriotic
Fund, desires to thank all those
contributors for the magnificent
contribution of \$27,20, proceeds of

the hockey game put on last week
between the teams from the office
and power-house of the Franco-
Canadian Collieries.

Professor Ottewill, of the Depart-
ment of Extension, University
of Alberta, will deliver a lecture on
"The War" at the Methodist mis-
sion hall on Thursday night next,
commencing at 7:45 sharp. The
lecture will be illustrated by lantern
slides. A collection will be
taken to cover the expenses in connec-
tion therewith.

Mrs. R. Coates and her daughter
Reta left for Calgary on Sunday
night's train.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Tustian have
returned home.

Mrs. A. Baines is visiting friends
at Creston, B.C.

Mrs. McLaughlin is paying her
sister, Mrs. Swift, a visit this
week.

Miss R. Coates and her daughter
Reta left for Calgary on Sunday
night's train.

A motorman, named Charles (or
Karl) Pokorney, aged about 27
years, was found dead in the car
shed of the Franco-Canadian Col-
lieries at Frank on Tuesday morn-
ing about 1 o'clock. Cause of death
has not yet been decided, but a
preliminary inquest was held on
Tuesday, following a postmortem
examination of the body, and ad-
journment was made to February
the 15th, pending result of analysis
being made. Pokorney leaves a wife
and three small children. In
terment takes place this afternoon
at the Blairmore cemetery; Rev.
W. T. Young officiating.

A nail in the vest pocket of John
Burke, a Waltham, Mass., farm
hand, saved his life when he was
fired upon from an ambush by a man
whom the police believe to be his
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became effective, stopping the im-
port, manufacture, or sale of in-
toxicating liquors of every kind
within the colony. In order to
prevent evasion of the law, a long
list of patent medicines have been
placed under the ban.

No. 5. I hope that I may be of
service this week in helping you to
understand the proper use of the
phrase "COMPARED TO". Please note
that there is a vital and significant
difference between the meaning of
one phrase and that of the other.
Starting out with an absolutely
clear grasp of the distinction in
meaning, and exercising a little
care each time that one expression
or the other is about to be used,
any person may become, in a very
short time, absolutely accurate in
the use of the phrases concerned.
Here is the thing which I would
have you fix indelibly in your
mind: that "COMPARED TO"
involves comparison by way of
LIKENESS, while "COMPARED
WITH" involves comparison by
way of CONTRAST. As an
example of the former, take this:
"In disposition, our
friend Mr. A. may be COMPARED
TO the well known Mr. B." An
example of the latter, take this:
"COMPARED WITH Mr. C., Mr.
D. is singularly precise in his use
of the English language." Now,
do you catch the idea? So far, so
good. Next, your course of action
is to practise the accurate employ-
ment of the above phrases, and to
note any mistakes in the use of
them, whether in books, news-
papers, or conversation. Good! You
will soon be an expert.

"The Professor."

Statistics for the year 1916, com-
piled in the Court of Domestic Re-
lations, Chicago, show that the
chief cause of wife abandonment
are due to liquor. Out of 2,914 cases,
85 per cent. were due from
liquor.

New York agents of the German
submarine Deutschland are anxious
over the non-arrival of the
vessel at New London, which was
reported to have left on January
the 4th, and should have arrived
there on January the 22nd. The
captain and officers of a United
States liner and a British liner,
which arrived from Liverpool, are
positive that the Deutschland had
been captured by a British cruiser
of the Ardent type and taken to
the naval dockyard at Pembroke,
South Wales, where they were told
the Bremen had been kept since
she was captured on her first voyage
to New York. The captains and
officers of the liners said that they
were informed of the capture of
the Deutschland by naval officers
in command of the destroyers and
patrol boats on guard duty in
the North Sea and on the Irish
coast. The Deutschland is now about
ten days overdue.

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WALKER'S OLD WHISKY

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WALKER'S IMPERIAL
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